Phils rally in ninth to top Padres, 6-5-Page

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blacks movesuburbs, ties. cities

By Gary Blonston

Roughly one of every four black Americans lives in the suburbs.

If the goal of the civil rights movement was access — access to jobs, houses, schools, ballots, choices, the front of the bus— then no single statistic could bespeak the results of that crusade more eloquently or better reflect the geographic evidence of the country's emergent black mid-

From 1970 to 1980, there was a 70 percent increase in the number of

black people finding the wherewith-al, the impetus, the access to live outside central cities, according to census reports.

That meant that the suburban por-tion of the total U.S. black population climbed from 16.1 percent to 23.3 percent in those 10 years, a rate of increase twice that of whites in the

same period.
Those general patterns continue to this day, but as the numbers grow, so do the ironies and conflicts of the

trend. They show most clearly in cities

where black people soon will or already hold numerical and political dominance. In those places, politicians, business people, educators, social analysts and city dwellers of all races and degrees of commitment share a burgeoning discomfort. Call it resentment, call it envy, call it objective social concern.

What worries them is the loss in human resources their cities are experiencing as more and more middle-class black families take their households, their children, their ambitions, their fears, their values and

their money and move out of town.
Michael Lomax sat in downtown
Atlanta's county building recently
and talked with a perplexed mixture
of irritation, understanding and
grudging respect about black suburbanites.

His words were stiff and studied as he said, "I wouldn't want to accuse of being turncoats those who choose to exercise their economic option."

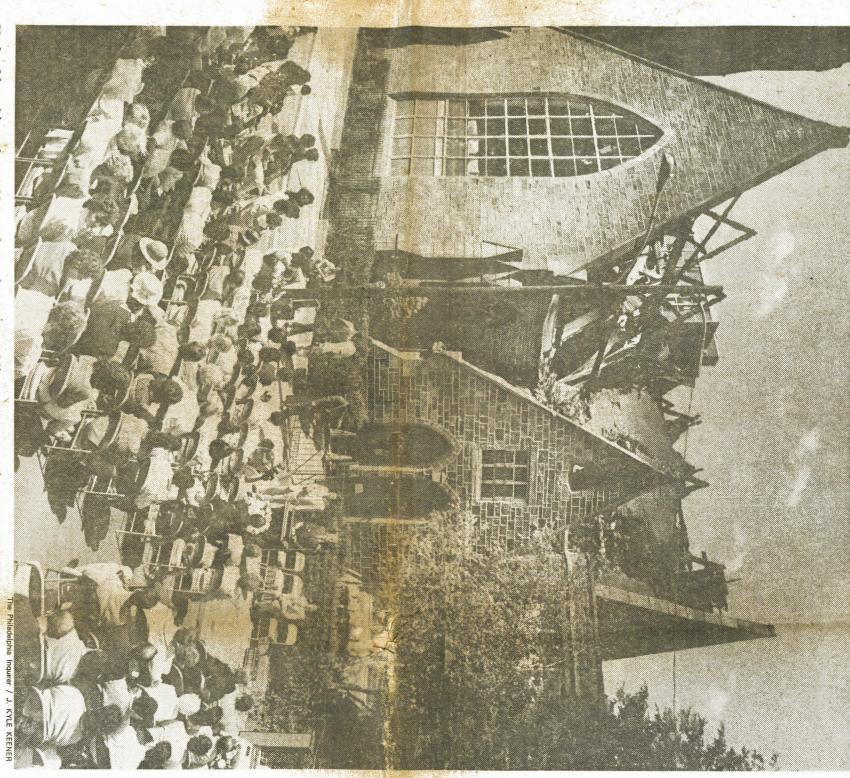
Lomax, chairman of Atlanta's Fulton County Commission, grew up in Los Angeles but chose a more traditional, black-oriented education at

Atlanta's Morehouse College. Afte graduation he stayed to teach English literature.

Today he has become a prominer political star in a city unsurpassed i its development of black leadershi and black community cohesivenes. He clearly is bothered by those blacks who have chosen not to en brace Atlanta as he has.

And he is concerned about the growing effect of black suburbanities on not just Atlanta but on Baltimore Cleveland, Detroit, an alphabet coities across America.

From the ashes, hope



Under blue skies, about 180 members of two Assemblies of God congregations, whose historic church was heavily damaged by a fire Thursday night, gather for a rare joint worship service on 18th Street near Spring Garden Street. Outside the gutted church sanctuary, the two

congregations, one English-speaking and the other Korean, listened yesterday as the Rev. Stephen Bogdan offered a sermon on the biblical text: "I will build my church, and the gates of hell will not prevail against it." Story and another picture on Page 3-B.

invest rolley

A team of investigators from th National Transportation Safet Board yesterday began examinin the wreckage of a SEPTA trolley cathat barreled out of control on downhill stretch and slamme through a wall at the 69th Streeterminal in Upper Darby on Satuday, injuring 42 people.

Three people remained hospita ized yesterday, one in critical condition

The Norristown High-Speed Lin car apparently lost its brakes, according to witnesses, and demolished protective barrier and part of the terminal wall about 3:45 p.m. Satur

would not know the cause of the accident until investigations by the transportation board and SEPT/ were complete. The inquiries are expected to take four or five days, offi

"We will be looking at the structure of the car, the evacuation of the car, the human factors — all aspects of the incident," said George Cochran, a railroad accident investigator for the transportation board.

which is charged with investigating all major rail accidents, will be joined by SEPTA's own investigative branch, the System Safety Division SEPTA spokesman Joaquin Bowman said investigators would be "looking carefully" at the trolley: multiple-brake system. He said tha "it's very, very unusual" for such a brake system to fail.

Investigators also will check whether the trolley's driver, Alber Cheshire, 31, of Upper Darby, tried to radio for help—and whether there was anyone at the control tower to receive a call from him, SEPTA spokesman Jim Whitaker said.

At the accident scene yesterday SEPTA workers replaced several feet of track and a four-foot concrete "bumping post" that is intended to stop trolley cars from hitting the station platform.

On Saturday, the trolley smashed past the post and slammed through a

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From the farm

By Daniel LeDuc and Amy Linn Inquirer Staff Writers

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WASHINGTON — From the hill

14th Street, residents of one of city's poorer districts can look a town to the stately buildings of tol Hill. There is now a feelin neighborhood that Capitol finally nodded back in actions. By Matthew Purdy Inquirer Washington Bureau



oking a 16-year-old federal stat-eviously used only against ma-rug kingpins, officials are ar-g people making small, drive-

"Clearly, this is nothing more than political grandstanding," said Richard Emery, staff counsel at the New

W YORK — Federal and city als have come up with a new, lical tactic in their incessant, y visible and thus-far futile aign to wipe out crack, the pond highly addictive cocaine

A law aimed at drug kingpins is turned on small-time buyers, and some accuse politicians of

grandstanding.

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Calls

anti-crack

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Weather & Index

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Jackie Dyson, 40, a so of two who spends horders for Navy enliterations has been in